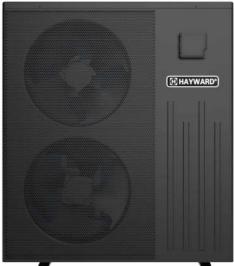


HYDRAHEAT HEAT PUMP





HEAT PUMP UNIT

Installation & Operation Manual

To prevent potential injury and to avoid unnecessary service calls, read this manual carefully and completely. Retain and ensure this manual is passed on to the end user.

Hayward Pool Products (Australia) Pty Ltd. Melbourne-Sydney-Brisbane-Perth Email: sales@hayward-pool.com.au | Website: au.hayward.com PO Box 4384 | Dandenong South VIC 3164 ABN 66 083 413 414 Sales Contact Pt: 1300POOl 51 Fax: 1300POOl 52

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1. PREFACE

- This product has been manufactured according to stringent production standards to ensure quality, reliability, and versatility for our customers. This manual contains comprehensive instructions regarding the installation, troubleshooting, maintenance, and disposal of the device. It is essential to thoroughly review this handbook prior to installing or operating the item. The manufacturer of this device disclaims all liability for injuries or damages caused by faulty installation or inappropriate maintenance. Strict adherence to the directions in this manual is essential. The installation must only be carried out by qualified personnel.
- The unit can only be repaired by an authorised dealer.
- Maintenance and operation must be carried out according to the recommended time and frequency, as stated in this manual.
- Use genuine spare parts only.
 Failure to comply with these recommendations will invalidate the warranty.
- Swimming Pool Heat Pump Unit heats the swimming pool water and keeps the temperature constant.
- Our heat pump has following characteristics:
 - 1 Durability

The heat exchanger is made of PVC & Titanium tubing which can withstand prolonged contact with swimming pool water.

2 Installation flexibility

The unit can be installed indoors or outdoors.

3 Quiet operation

The unit comprises an efficient rotary/ scroll compressor and a low-noise fan motor, which guarantees its quiet operation.

4 Advanced controlling

The unit includes micro-computer controlling, allowing all operation parameters to be set. Operation status can be displayed on the LCD controller and Aqua Temp App

WARNING

It is advised against making any attempts to speed up the defrosting process or clean the evaporator using methods not specified in this manual.

The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example:open flames, an Operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater.)

Do not pierce or burn.

Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odour, Appliance shall be installed, operated and stored in a room with a floor area larger than 30m². NOTE The manufacturer may provide other suitable examples or may provide additional information about the refrigerant odour.

1. PREFACE(Continued)

- This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety. CHILDREN SHOULD BE SUPERVISED TO ENSURE THAT THEY DO NOT PLAY WITH THE APPLIANCE.
- If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.
- The appliance shall be installed in accordance with national wiring regulations.
- Do not operate the appliance in a wetroom such as a bathroom or laundry room.
- Before obtaining access to terminals, all supply circuits must be disconnected.
- Power to the heat pump shall be provided through all pole disconnection device or electrical isolator with having pole to pole clearance of at least 3mm.
- Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer
- The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater.)
- Do not pierce or burn
- Appliance shall be installed, operated and stored in a room with a floor area larger than 30m2

Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odour.

The installation of pipe-work shall be kept to a minimum 30 m Max

Spaces where refrigerant pipes shall be compliance with national gas regulations.

Servicing shall be performed only as recommended by the manufacturer.

The appliance shall be stored in a well-ventilated area where the room size corresponds to the room area as specified for operation.

All working procedure that affets safety means shall only be carried by competent persons.

- Transport of equipment containing flammable refrigerants should be compliance with the transport regulations
 Equipment signs are marked to have compliance with local regulations
 Equipment and flammable refrigerants must be disposed of in accordance with national rules.
- Storage of equipment/appliances
 The storage of equipment should be in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- Storage of packed (unsold) equipment

The equipment packing was designed to guard against any mechanical damage that would cause refrigerant leaks.

Local regulations may apply on how many units are allowed to be stored together.

1. PREFACE(Continued)

Caution & Warning

- The unit can only be repaired by qualified installer centre personnel or an authorised dealer. (for Europe market)
- 2. This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety. (for Europe market)
 - Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.
- 3. Please make sure that the unit and power connection have good earthing, otherwise may cause electrical shock.
- 4. If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer or our service agent or similarly qualified person in order to avoid a hazard.
- 5. Directive 2002/96/EC (WEEE):
 The symbol depicting a crossed-outwaste bin that is underneath the appliance indicates that this product, at the end of its useful life, must be handled separately from domestic waste, must be taken to a recycling centre for electric and electronic devices or handed back to the dealer when purchasing an equivalent appliance.
- 6. Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHs): This product is compliant with directive 2002/95/EC (RoHs) concerning restrictions for the use of harmful substances in electric and electronic devices.
- 7. The unit CANNOT be installed near the flammable gas. Once there is any leakage of the gas , fire can be occur.
- 8 . All electrical connections must be made by a qualified electrician in accordance with all local state federal government electrical regulations and the latest edition of As/NZS 3000 wiring rules.
- 9. USE SUPPLY WIRES SUITABLE FOR 75"C.
- 10. This equipment is not suitable for potable water connection.

2.SPECIFICATION

2.1 Performance data of Swimming Pool Heat Pump Unit

*** REFRIGERANT: R32

| UNIT | | 1H-PASRW030EE12 | 1H-PASRW040EE17 |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Rated Heating Capacity | kW | 1.970~11.66 | 2.90~17.0 |
| (27℃/24.3℃) | Btu/h | 6720-39780 | 9890-58000 |
| Rated Heating Power Input | kW | 0.12-1.99 | 0.18-3.12 |
| COP | | 16.40-5.86 | 16.10-5.45 |
| Rated Heating Capacity | kW | 1.79-8.62 | 2.80-13.10 |
| (15℃/12℃) | Btu/h | 6110-29410 | 9550-44700 |
| Rated Heating Power Input | kW | 0.25-1.91 | 0.40-2.97 |
| COP | | 7.20-4.52 | 7.00-4.41 |
| Power Supply | | 220-240V~/50Hz | 220-240V/~/50Hz |
| Compressor Quantity | | 1 | 1 |
| Compressor | | Rotary | Rotary |
| Fan Quantity | | 1 | 1 |
| Fan Rotate Speed | RPM | 300-950 | 400-750 |
| Noise | dB(A) | 42-53 | 43-54 |
| Water Connection | mm | 48.3 | 48.3 |
| Water Flow Volume | m³/h | 3.7 | 5.2 |
| Water Pressure Drop(max) | kPa | 4.0 | 5.0 |
| Unit Net Dimensions(L/W/H) | mm | 998x418x604 | 1047x453x766 |
| Unit Ship Dimensions(L/W/H) | mm | See packa | age lable |
| Net Weight | kg | 46 | 60 |
| Shipping Weight | kg | see package label | |
| Rated Input Current | A | 10.9 | 16.56 |
| Gas charge weight | kg | 0.48 | 0.6 |

Heating: Outdoor air temp: 27° C/24.3°C, Inlet water temp: 26° C Outdoor air temp: 15° C/12°C, Inlet water temp: 26° C

Operating range:

Ambient temperature:-5—43 $^{\circ}$ C Water temperature:9-40 $^{\circ}$ C

$2.1\,Performance\,data\,of\,Swimming\,Pool\,Heat\,\,Pump\,Unit$

*** REFRIGERANT: R32

| UNIT | | 1H-PASRW050EE19 |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------------------|
| Heating capacity | kW | 3.50-18.70 |
| (27/24.3 ℃) | Btu/h | 11900-63800 |
| Heating Power Input | kW | 0.22-3.65 |
| COP | | 16.0-5.12 |
| Heating capacity | kW | 2.55-14.00 |
| (15/12℃) | Btu/h | 8500-49980 |
| Heating Power Input | kW | 0.36-3.24 |
| COP | | 7.10-4.32 |
| Power Supply | | 220-240V~/50Hz |
| Compressor Quantity | | 1 |
| Compressor | | rotary |
| Fan Number | | 1 |
| Fan Power Input | W | 75 |
| Fan Rotate Speed | RPM | 750 |
| Fan Direction | | horizontal |
| Noise | dB(A) | 43-55 |
| Water Connection | mm | 48.3 |
| Water Flow Volume | m³/h | 6.0 |
| Water Pressure Drop(max) | kPa | 5.0 |
| Unit Net Dimensions(L/W/H) | mm | 1161x490x860 |
| Unit Ship Dimensions(L/W/H) | mm | See package lable |
| Net Weight | kg | 70 |
| Shipping Weight | kg | See package lable |
| Input rated current | A | 17.5 |
| Gas charge weight | kg | 0.67 |

Outdoor air temp: 15°C/12°C, Inlet water temp: 26°C

Operating range:

2.SPECIFICATION

2.1 Performance data of Swimming Pool Heat Pump Unit

*** REFRIGERANT: R32

| UNIT | | 1H-PASRW060EE24 | 1H-PASRW070EE29 | 1H-PASRW080EE32 |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Rated Heating Capacity | kW | 8.700~24.60 | 9.80~28.6 | 10.30~32.40 |
| (27℃/24.3℃) | Btu/h | 29680-83930 | 33430-97570 | 35140~110540 |
| Rated Heating Power Input | kW | 0.54-3.89 | 0.61-4.17 | 0.64-5.90 |
| COP | | 16.10-6.30 | 16.00-6.90 | 16.00-5.50 |
| Rated Heating Capacity | kW | 7.000-19.10 | 7.20-21.80 | 7.90~24.40 |
| (15℃/12℃) | Btu/h | 23880-65170 | 24560-74370 | 26950~83250 |
| Rated Heating Power Input | kW | 0.990-3.980 | 0.94-4.22 | 1.08~5.53 |
| COP | | 7.10-4.80 | 7.60-5.20 | 7.30~4.40 |
| Power Supply | | 220-240V~/50Hz | 380-400V/3N~/50Hz | 380-400V/3N~/50Hz |
| Compressor Quantity | | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Compressor | | Rotary | Rotary | Rotary |
| Fan Quantity | | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Fan Rotate Speed | RPM | 600-800 | 600-700 | 600-700 |
| Noise | dB(A) | 45-56 | 45-57 | 45-57 |
| Water Connection | mm | 48.3 | 48.3 | 48.3 |
| Water Flow Volume | m³/h | 10.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 |
| Water Pressure Drop(max) | kPa | 14.0 | 17.0 | 17.0 |
| Unit Net Dimensions(L/W/H) | mm | 1161x490x862 | 1161x490x862 | 1161x490x862 |
| Unit Ship Dimensions(L/W/H) | mm | See package lable | | |
| Net Weight | kg | 92 | 96 | 93 |
| Shipping Weight | kg | see package label | | |
| Rated Input Current | Α | 22.5 | 10.22 | 11.70 |
| Gas charge weight | kg | 1.15 | 1.35 | 1.35 |

Heating: Outdoor air temp: 27° C/24.3°C, Inlet water temp: 26° C Outdoor air temp: 15° C/12°C, Inlet water temp: 26° C

Operating range:

2.1 Performance data of Swimming Pool Heat Pump Unit

*** REFRIGERANT: R32

| UNIT | | 1H-PASRW070EE35 |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------------------|
| Heating capacity | kW | 7.43-34.94 |
| (27/24.3℃) | Btu/h | 25350-119215 |
| Heating Power Input | kW | 0.460-6.533 |
| COP | | 16.10-5.35 |
| Heating capacity | kW | 5.32-26.97 |
| (15/12℃) | Btu/h | 18150-92020 |
| Heating Power Input | kW | 0.75-6.180 |
| COP | | 7.09-4.36 |
| Power Supply | | 380-400V/3N~/50Hz |
| Compressor Quantity | | 1 |
| Compressor | | rotary |
| Fan Number | | 2 |
| Noise | dB(A) | 48.0-56.0 |
| Water Connection | mm | 48.3 |
| Water Flow Volume | m³/h | 10 |
| Water Pressure Drop(max) | kPa | 15 |
| Unit Net Dimensions(L/W/H) | mm | 1161x490x1272 |
| Unit Ship Dimensions(L/W/H) | mm | See package lable |
| Net Weight | kg | 120 |
| Shipping Weight | kg | see package label |
| Rated input Current | Α | 12.84 |
| Gas charge weight | kg | 1.5 |

Heating: Outdoor air temp: 27 ℃/24.3 ℃, Inlet water temp:26 ℃

Outdoor air temp: 15°C/12°C, Inlet water temp:26°C

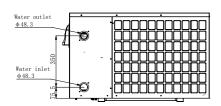
Operating range:

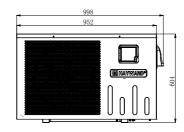
Ambient temperature:-15—43 $^{\circ}$ C Water temperature:9-40 $^{\circ}$ C

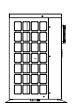
2.2 The dimensions for Swimming Pool Heat Pump Unit

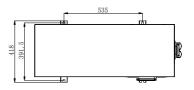
Model:1H-PASRW030EE12

unit: mm



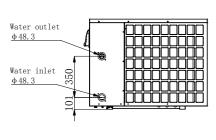


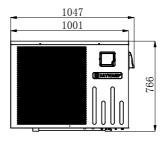




Model:1H-PASRW040EE17

unit: mm



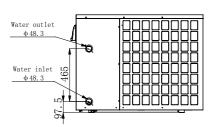


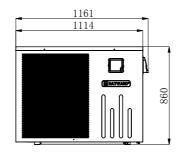


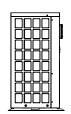


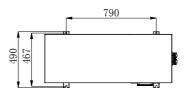
2.2 The dimensions for Swimming Pool Heat Pump Unit

Modle:1H-PASRW050EE19 unit mm





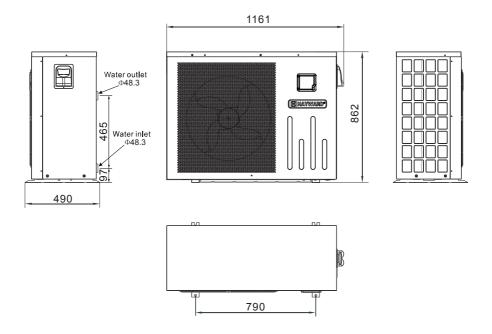




2.2 The dimensions for Swimming Pool Heat Pump Unit

Model: 1H-PASRW060EE24

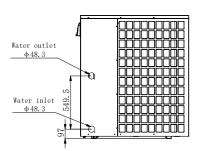
1H-PASRW070EE29 1H-PASRW080EE32 unit: mm

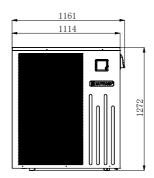


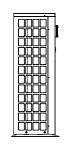
2.S PECIFICATION

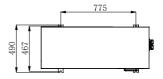
2.2 The dimensions for Swimming PoolHeat Pump Unit

UNIT: 1H-PASRW070EE35 unit :mm



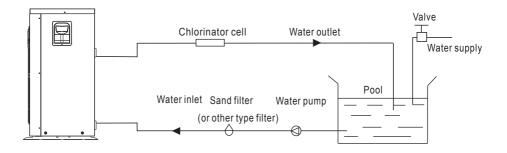






3. INSTALLATION AND CONNECTION

3.1 Installation illustration



Installation items:

The factory only provides the main unit and the water unit; the other items in the illustration are necessary spare parts for the water system, that provided by users or the installer.

Attention:

Please follow these steps when using for the first time

- 1. Open valve and charge water.
- 2. Make sure that the pump and the water-in pipe have been filled with water.
- 3. Close the valve and start the unit.

ATTN: It is necessary that the water-in pipe is higher than the pool surface.

The schematic diagram is for reference only. Please check the water inlet/outlet label on the heat pump while plumbing installation.

The schematic diagram is for reference only. Please check the water inlet/outlet label on the heat pump while plumbing installation.

The controller is mounted on the wall

3.INSTALLATION AND CONNECTION

3.2 Swimming Pool Heat Pumps Location

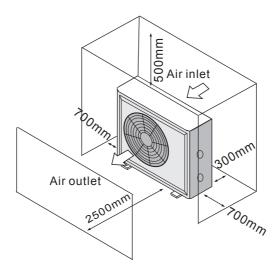
The unit will perform well in any outdoor location provided that the following three factors are presented:

1. Fresh Air - 2. Electricity - 3. Pool filter piping

The unit may be installed virtually anywhere outdoors. For indoor pools please consult the supplier. Unlike a gas heater, it has no draft or pilot light problem in a windy area.

DO NOT place the unit in an enclosed area with a limited air volume, where the units discharge air will be re-circulated.

DO NOT place the unit to shrubs which can block air inlet. These locations deny the unit of a continuous source of fresh air which reduces it efficiency and may prevent adequate heat delivery.



3.3 How Close To Your Pool?

Normally, the pool heat pump is installed within 7.5 metres of the pool. The longer the distance from the pool, the greater the heat loss from the piping. For the most part ,the piping is buried. Therefore, the heat loss is minimal for runs of up to 15 meters (15 meters to and from the pump = 30 meters total), unless the ground is wet or the water table is high. A very rough estimate of heat loss per 30 meters is 0.6 kW-hour, (2000BTU) for every 5 $^{\circ}$ C difference in temperature between the pool water and the ground surrounding the pipe, which translates to about 3% to 5% increase in run time

3.INSTALLATION AND CONNECTION

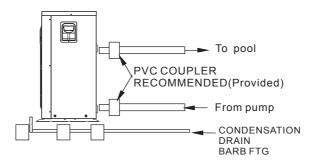
3.4 Swimming Pool Heat Pumps Plumbing

The Swimming Pool Heat Pumps exclusive rated flow titanium heat exchanger requires no special plumbing arrangements except bypass(please set the flow rate according to the nameplate). The water pressure drop is less than 10kPa at max. Flow rate. Since there is no residual heat or flame Temperatures, The unit does not need copper heat sink piping. PVC pipe can be run straight into the unit.

Location: Connect the unit in the pool pump discharge (return) line downstream of all filter and pool pumps, and upstream of any chlorinators, ozonators or chemical pumps.

Standard model have slip glue fittings which accept 32mm or 50 mm PVC pipe for connection to the pool or spa filtration piping. By using a 50 NB to 40NB you can plumb 40NB

Give serious consideration to adding a quick coupler fitting at the unit inlet and outlet to allow easy draining of unit for winterizing and to provide easier access should servicing be required.



Condensation: Since the Heat pump cools down the air about $4-5^{\circ}$ C, water may condense on the fins of the horseshoe shaped evaporator. If the relative humidity is very high, this could be as much as several litres an hour. The water will run down the fins into the basepan and drain out through the barbed plastic condensation drain fitting on the side of the basepan. This fitting is designed to accept 20mm clear vinyl tubing which can be pushed on by hand and run to a suitable drain. It is easy to mistake the condensation for a water leak inside the unit.

NB: A quick way to verify that the water is condensation is to shut off the unit and keep the pool pump running. If the water stops running out of the basepan, it is condensation. AN EVEN QUICKER WAY IS to TEST THE DRAIN WATER FOR CHLORINE - if the is no chlorine present, then it's condensation.

3.INSTALLATION AND CONNECTION

3.5 Swimming Pool Heat Pumps Electrical Wiring

NOTE: Although the unit heat exchanger is electrically isolated from the rest of the unit, it simply prevents the flow of electricity to or from the pool water. Grounding the unit is still required to protect you against short circuits inside the unit. Bonding is also required.

The unit has a separate molded-in junction box with a standard electrical conduit nipple already in place. Just remove the screws and the front panel, feed your supply lines in through the conduit nipple and wire-nut the electric supply wires to the three connections already in the junction box (four connections if three phase). To complete electrical hookup, connect Heat Pump by electrical conduit, UF cable or other suitable means as specified (as permitted by local electrical authorities) to a dedicated AC power supply branch circuit equipped with the proper circuit breaker, disconnect or time delay fuse protection.

Disconnect - A disconnect means (circuit breaker, fused or un-fused switch) should be located within sight of and readily accessible from the unit, This is common practice on commercial and residential air conditioners and heat pumps. It prevents remotely-energizing unattended equipment and permits turning off power at the unit while the unit is being serviced

3.6 Initial startup of the Unit

NOTE- In order for the unit to heat the pool or spa, the filter pump must be running to circulate water through the heat exchanger.

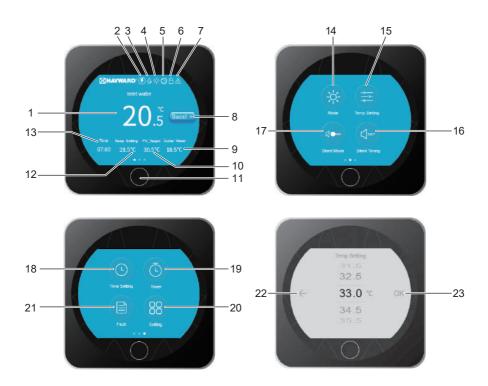
Start up Procedure - After installation is completed, you should follow these steps:

- 1. Turn on your filter pump. Check for water leaks and verify flow to and from the pool.
- 2. Turn on the electrical power supply to the unit, then press the key ON/OFF of wire controller, It should start in several seconds.
- 3. After running a few minutes make sure the air leaving the top(side) of the unit is cooler(Between 5-10 $^{\circ}$ C)
- 4. With the unit operating turn the filter pump off. The unit should also turn off automatically,
- 5. Allow the unit and pool pump to run 24 hours per day until desired pool water temperature is reached. When the water-in temperature reaches this setting, the unit will slow down for a period of time, if the temperature is maintained for 45 minutes the unit will turn off. The unit will now automatically restart (as long as your pool pump is running)when the pool temperature drops more than 0.2 below set temperature.

Time Delay- The unit is equipped with a 3 minute built-in solid state restart delay included to protect control circuit components and to eliminate restart cycling and contactor chatter. This time delay will automatically restart the unit approximately 3 minutes after each control circuit interruption. Even a brief power interruption will activate the solid state 3 minute restart delay and prevent the unit from starting until the 5 minute countdown is completed.

4.1 General presentation

The heat pump is equipped with a digital control panel with a touch screen, electronically connected and pre-set at the factory in heating mode.



Legend

| 1 | Water Input temperature |
|----|--|
| 2 | PV mode(Sleep/Eco/Power Save/Temp+/Normal) |
| 3 | Defrost mode |
| 4 | Operating mode |
| 5 | Compressor's ON indicator |
| 6 | Lock screen |
| 7 | Alarm |
| 8 | Boost |
| 9 | Water Output temperature |
| 10 | PV mode setpoint temperature |
| 11 | On/Off/Back |
| 12 | Setpoint temperature |
| | |

| 13 | System time |
|----|------------------------------|
| 14 | Operating mode selection |
| 15 | Adjust setpoint |
| 16 | Setting silence mode timer |
| 17 | Activate silent mode |
| 18 | Set date and time |
| 19 | Set On/Off timers |
| 20 | Access Advanced Settings |
| 21 | Access list of faults |
| 22 | Back (changes not confirmed) |
| 23 | Confirm |
| | |

OFF mode

When the heat pump is idle (in standby mode), OFF is displayed as shown on the screen.

The black screen indicates that the heat pump is idle; settings can be adjusted in this mode.

ON mode

When the heat pump is running or priming (setpoint reached), the screen turns blue.





To switch from OFF to ON mode and vice versa, press the button for 0.5s.

4.2 Timer function settings

The date and time can be set either in ON or in OFF mode.



• Press 1 times on
to return to the main screen.

4.3 Setting the On/Off timers

The timing switch function means that the heat pump can be turned on at a certain time period and turned off at a certain time period. Therefore, customers can set the on-time and off-time of the heat pump to adjust the timing switch function of the heat pump.

It is possible to set one Start Timer and one Stop Timer. The setting step is "hour to hour".



















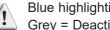
• Press 2 times on
to return to the main screen.

4.4 PV Ready function

The PV Ready icon is displayed on the setting interface. Click to enter the PV control interface. Wiring diagram, description of mode and parameter setting interface can be selected.

If the PV Ready function is not available, the PV Ready icon is not visible.





Blue highlighting = Activated Grey = Deactivated

4.4.1 Single Contact PV control (EM02=1)





• Press 2 times on to return to the main screen.

4.4.2 Dual Contact PV control (EM02=2)













• Press 2 times on
to return to the main screen.

When single/dual contact is selected and PV function is enabled, the PV_Target temperature is displayed in the main interface, otherwise it is not displayed.

4.5 Spot time

Spot time control function means that the heat pump in a certain period of time to set different target temperature. Therefore, customers can set the parameters to adjust the spot time temperature control function of the heat pump.

A total of 6 timer switch time periods can be set, which can be selected by turning the page.





The PV ready and Spot time can't be turned on at the same time.

4.6 Adjust setpoint

The setpoint can be changed either in ON or in OFF mode with an accuracy of 0.5°C .



• Press 1 times on
to return to the main screen.

4.7 Locking and unlocking the touch screen

The screen can be locked or unlocked either in ON or in OFF mode.



4.8 Silent function settings

Silent mode means that the heat pump is in economic and silent mode. When the energy demand is low, only maintain the temperature of the swimming pool or for the silence of the unit

This function can be Activated/Deactivated manually or using a Timer.

Activation/Deactivation



Press 1 times on to return to the main screen.

Adjusting the Silent mode Timer





















• Press 2 times on
to return to the main screen.



The setting step is "hour to hour".

Once the Timer is activated, it is active 7 days a week.

4.9 Troubleshooting guide



Certain operations must be carried out by an authorized technician.

If a fault occurs on the heat pump ${\color{red} \mathbb A}$ appears in the top left-hand corner of the screen.

Refer to following table.





When the problem is resolved, the error is automatically acknowledged and the triangle disappears.

- To delete the error list, press on Del .
- Press 2 times on to return to the main screen.

4.10 Parameter list and breakdown table

4.10.1 Electronic control fault table

Can be judged according to the remote controller failure code and troubleshooting.

| Protect/fault | Fault display | Reason | Elimination methods |
|--|------------------|--|---|
| Inlet Temp. Sensor Fault | P01 | The temp. sensor is broken or short circuit | Check or change the temp. sensor |
| Outlet Temp. Sensor Fault | P02 | The temp. sensor is broken or short circuit | Check or change the temp. sensor |
| Amibent Temp. Sensor Fault | P04 | The temp. sensor is broken or short circuit | Check or change the temp. sensor |
| Coil 1 Temp. Sensor Fault | P05 | The temp. sensor is broken or short circuit | Check or change the temp. sensor |
| Coil 2 Temp. Sensor Fault | P15 | The temp. sensor is broken or short circuit | Check or change the temp. sensor |
| Suction Temp. Sensor Fault | P07 | The temp. sensor is broken or short circuit | Check or change the temp. sensor |
| Discharge Temp. Sensor Fault | P081 | The temp. sensor is broken or short circuit | Check or change the temp. sensor |
| Exhaust Air over Temp Prot. | P082 | The compressor is overload | Check whether the system of the compressor running normally |
| Antifreeze Temp. Sensor Fault | P09 | Antifreeze temp. sensor is broken or short circuit | Check or change the temp. sensor |
| Pressure Sensor Fault | PP | The pressure sensor is broken | Check or change the pressure sensor or pressure |
| High Pressure Prot. | E01 | The high-preesure switch is broken | Check the pressure switch and cold circuit |
| Low Pressure Prot. | E02 | The low-preesure switch is broken | Check the pressure switch and cold circuit |
| Flow Switch Prot. | E03 | No water/little water in water system | Check the pipe water flow and water pump |
| Waterway Anti-freezing Prot. | E05 | Water temp.or ambient is too low | Check the water temp. and ambient temp. |
| Inlet and outlet temp. too big | E06 | Water flow is not enough and low differential pressure | Check the pipe water flow and whether water systemis jammed or not |
| Anti-freezing Prot. | E07 | Water flow is not enough | Check the pipe water flow and whether water system is jammed or not |
| Primary Anti-freezing Prot. | E19 | The ambient temp. is low | Check the ambient temp. sensor |
| Secondary Anti-freezing Prot. | E29 | The ambient temp. is low | Check the ambient temp. sensor |
| Comp. Overcurrent Prot. | E051 | The compressor is overload | Check whether the system of the compressor running normally |
| Communication Fault | E08 | Communication failure between wire controller and mainboard | Check the wire connection between remote wire controller and main board |
| Communication Fault (speed control module) | E081 | Speed control module and main board communication fail | Check the communication connection |
| Low AT Protection | TP | Ambient temp. is too low | Check the ambient temp. sensor |
| EC fan feedback Fault | F051 | There is something wrong with fan motor and fan motor stops running | Check whether fan motor is broken or locked or not |
| Fan Motor1 Fault | F031 | Motor is in locked-rotor state The wire connection between DC-fan motor module and fan motor is in bad contact | Change a new fan motor Check the wire connection and make sure they are in good contact |

| Fan Motor2 Fault | F032 | DC-fan motor module and fan | Change a new fan motor Check the wire connection and make sure they are in good contact |
|------------------|------|-----------------------------|---|
|------------------|------|-----------------------------|---|

Frequency conversion board fault table:

| Protection/fault | Fault display | Reason | Elimination methods |
|------------------------------|------------------|---|---|
| Drv1 MOP alarm | F01 | MOP drive alarm | Recovery after the 150s |
| Inverter offline | F02 | Frequency conversion board and mainboard communication failure | Check the communication connection |
| IPM protection | F03 | IPM modular protection | Recovery after the 150s |
| Comp. Driver Failure | F04 | Lack of phase, step or drive hardware damage | Check the measuring voltage , check requency conversion board hardware |
| DC Fan Fault | F05 | Motor current feedback open circuit or short circuit | Check whether current return wires connected motor |
| IPM Overcurrent | F06 | IPM Input current is large | Check and adjust the current measurement |
| Inv. DC Overvoltage | F07 | DC bus voltage>Dc bus over-voltage protection value | Check the input voltage measurement |
| Inv. DC Lessvoltage | F08 | DC bus voltage <dc bus="" over-voltage="" protection="" td="" value<=""><td>Check the input voltage measurement</td></dc> | Check the input voltage measurement |
| Inv. Input Lessvolt. | F09 | The input voltage is low,causing the inpucurrent is high | Check the input voltage measurement |
| Inv. Input Overvolt. | F10 | The input voltage is too high,more than outage protection current RMS | Check the input voltage measurement |
| Inv. Sampling Volt. | F11 | The input voltage sampling fault | Check and adjust the current measurement |
| Comm. Err DSP-PFC | F12 | DSP and PFC connect fault | Check the communication connection |
| Input Over Cur. | F26 | The equipment load is too large | Check whether the unit is overloaded |
| PFC fault | F27 | The PFC circuit protection | Check the PFC switch tube short circuit or not |
| IPM Overheating | F15 | The IPM module is overheat | Check and adjust the current measurement |
| Weak Magnetic Warn | F16 | Compressor magnetic force is not enough | Restart the unit after multiple power failures, if the fault still exists, replace the compressor |
| Inv. Input Out Phase | F17 | The input voltage lost phase | Check and measure the voltage adjustment |
| IPM Sampling Cur. | F18 | IPM sampling electricity is fault | Check and adjust the current measurement |
| Inv. Temp. Probe Fail | F19 | The temp. sensor is broken or short circuit | Check or change the temp. sensor |
| Inverter Overheating | F20 | The transducer is overheat | Check and adjust the current measurement |
| Inv. Overheating Warn | F22 | Transducer temperature is too high | Check and adjust the current measurement |
| Comp. Over Cur. Warn | F23 | Compressor electricity is large | The compressor over-current protection |
| Input Over Cur. Warn | F24 | Input current is too large | Check and adjust the current measurement |
| EEPROM Error Warn | F25 | MCU error | Check whether the chip is damaged,replace the chip |
| V15V over/undervoltage fault | F28 | The V15V is overload or undervoltage | Check the V15V input voltage in range 13.5v~16.5v or not |

4.10.2 Parameter list

| Meaning | Default | Remarks |
|--|-------------|------------|
| Refrigeration target temperature set point | 27 ℃ | Adjustable |
| Heating the target temperature set point | 27 ℃ | Adjustable |
| Automatic target temperature set point | 27 ℃ | Adjustable |

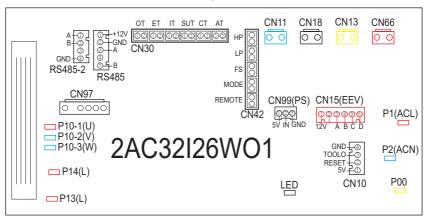
4.11 Interface drawing

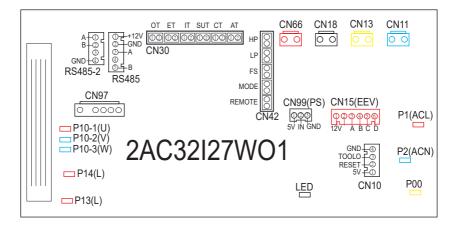
4.11.1 Wire control interface diagram and definition

| V A B G |
|---------|
|---------|

| Sign | Meaning |
|------|--------------|
| V | 12V(power+) |
| Α | 485A |
| В | 485B |
| G | GND (power-) |

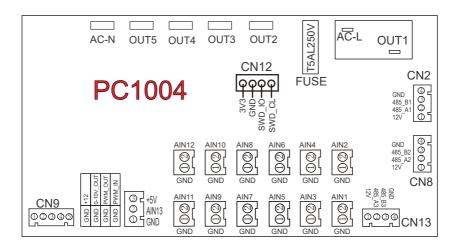
4.11.2 Controller interface diagram and definition





Main board of the input and output interface instructions below

| Number | Sign | Meaning |
|--------|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 01 | P10-1/2/3(U/V/W) | Compressor |
| 02 | P13(L) | Resistance |
| 03 | P14(L) | Resistance |
| 04 | CN97 | DC motor |
| 05 | RS485-2 | The port for centralized control |
| 06 | RS485 | Color line controller communication |
| 07 | ОТ | Water output temperature |
| 08 | ET | System exhaust temperature |
| 09 | IT | Water input temperature |
| 10 | SUT | System suction temperature |
| 11 | CT | System fan coil temperature |
| 12 | AT | Ambient temperature |
| 13 | HP | System high pressure |
| 14 | LP | System low pressure |
| 15 | FS | Water flow switch |
| 16 | MODE | Mode switch/SW2 |
| 17 | REMOTE | Emergency switch/SW1 |
| 18 | CN11 | 4-way value |
| 19 | CN18 | Water pump |
| 20 | CN13 | Chassis heating belt |
| 21 | CN66 | Compressor signal |
| 22 | CN99 | Low pressure sensor |
| 23 | CN15 | Electronic expansion valve |
| 24 | CN10 | Program download interface |
| 25 | P1 | Live wire |
| 26 | P2 | Neutral wire |
| 27 | P00 | Grounding |



Main board of the input and output interface instructions below

| Number | Sign | Meaning |
|--------|-----------|--|
| 01 | OUT1 | Compressor |
| 02 | OUT2 | Water pump |
| 03 | OUT3 | 4-way valve |
| 04 | OUT4 | High speed of fan |
| 05 | OUT5 | Low speed of fan/Chassis heating belt |
| 06 | L | Live wire |
| 07 | N | Neutral wire |
| 08 | AIN1 | Emergency switch/SW1 |
| 09 | AIN2 | Water flow switch |
| 10 | AIN3 | System low pressure |
| 11 | AIN4 | System high pressure |
| 12 | AIN5 | System suction temperature |
| 13 | AIN6 | Water input temperature |
| 14 | AIN7 | Water output temperature |
| 15 | AIN8 | Coil 1 temperature |
| 16 | AIN9 | Ambienttemperature |
| 17 | AIN10 | Mode switch/Coil 2 temperature/SW2 |
| 18 | AIN11 | Master-slave machine switch / Antifreeze temperature |
| 19 | AIN12 | System exhaust temperature |
| 20 | AIN13 | Compressor current detection/Pressure sensor |
| 21 | PWM_IN | Master-slave machine switch / Feedback signal of EC fan |
| 22 | PWM_OUT | AC fan control |
| 23 | 0_10V_OUT | EC fan control |
| 24 | +5V | +5V |
| 25 | +12V | +12V |
| 26 | CN2 | Frequency conversion board communications |
| 27 | CN8 | WIFI / 5 inch color display / DC fan speed regulation module |
| 28 | CN9 | Electronic expansion valve |
| 29 | CN12 | Program port |
| 30 | CN13 | Centralized control communication port |

5. Use & Operational instructions of WIFI module

User Privacy Instructions

We take your privacy very seriously and we promise to inform you how we use the data. Users' private data, such as mailboxes, address, before uploading to the cloud, we will get your permission, and we will work hard to protect your data security.

Description

- Receive data signal from cloud server and transmit to the main device;
- Receive data signal from main device and transmit to cloud server;
- To achieve remote upgrade the WIFI module baseplate MCU by cloud server;
- To achieve the remote upgrade of the main device by WIFI module baseplate MCU.

Technical Parameters

OPERATING VOLTAGE: DC8V~12V (Recommended value 12V)

OPERATING CURRENT: Max. recurrent peak 1A, average standby current 50mA

TEMP. RANGE: Operating Temp.: -30 C ~+70 C; Storage Temp.: -40 C ~+85 C

LED INDICATOR LIGHT:

4 lights, Network configuration indicator, router connection indicator, cloud server connection indicator, 485 communication indicator;

DIMENSION(L×W×H): 78mm×63mm×24mm

Installation

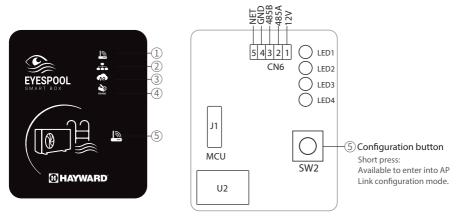
- There is a magnet on the back of the WIFI module, it can be installed indoors or outdoors, and avoid direct sunlight;
- Please scan the following QR code to download APP;



Searching the name of the App to be downloaded.



Functional Description



MXL-WX17

| ITEM | NAME | LONG LIGHT | SLOW FLASH | EXTINGUISH |
|---------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|------------|
| ① Netw | ork configuration indicator | Configuring Network | SmartLink configuring | Done |
| ② Ro | uter connection indicator | Normal | Abnormal | |
| ③ Cloud | server connection indicator | Normal | Abnormal | |
| 485 | communication indicator | Normal | Abnormal | |

Account Login

Use email address and password to register, login or reset the password.

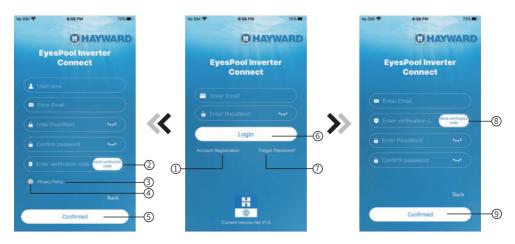


Fig.2 Account Registration interface

Fig.1 Login interface

Fig.3 Forgot Password interface

- Account Registration: To register an account, click (Fig.1) to jump to the Account Registration
 interface, fill in the relevant information and click to receive verification code, while completed the
 application information, click to read the details of the Privacy Policy, then click to agree, and
 click (Fig.1), registration is done.
 - Please note, the valid time of one verification code is 15min, please fill in the verification code within 15min, otherwise you need to ask for a new one.
- 2. Log in: Follow the instructions on the page(Fig.1), enter your registered email address and password, click and jump to device list;
- 3. Forgot Password: While forget your password, click (Fig. 1), jump to the Forgot Password interface (Fig. 3). Follow the instructions on the page, fill in the relevant informations, click to receive verification code from your mailbox, click to comfirm and password reset is done.

Add Device

After log in, displays My Device interface (Fig. 4), follow the instruction to add Bluetooth.

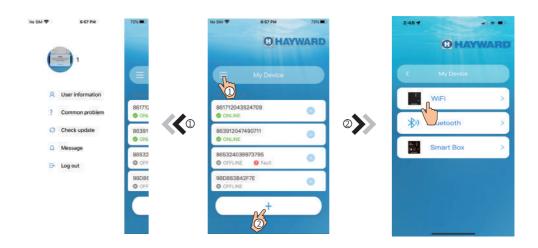


Fig.5 The left-hand menu

Fig.4 My Device interface

Fig.6 Add Devic interface

WIFI Configure Network



- Fig.7 Permission confirmed interface
- Fig.8 WIFI Module On interface
- Fig.9 Enter password interface
- 1. Clic (10) to confirm the permisson of bluetooth, location and camera (Fig. 7);
- 2. Follow the instructions on the page (Fig.8), press button on module and hold for 1s till two lights o then AP connection is activated, click (12) to next;
- 3. Clic (13) to enter the WIFI password for the current connection, click (14) to confirm.



Fig.10 Allow bluetooth permission

Fig.11 Enable bluetooth permission

Fig.12 Bluetooth setting interface

WIFI Configure Network

- 4. Turn on bluetooth and back to the APP, derectly enter the searching device interface(Fig. 13), If t connection fails or succeeds, a pop-up window will appear. If the connection fails(Fig.11), try again as prompted. If successful(Fig.12), check the light 1 of the wifi module indicator, and then select the operation according to the prompts.
- 5. Click (15) to bond device (Fig. 12);
- 6. Click "Allow (Fig.17) to allow the App to use the camera for scanning the WF code on the WIFI module (Fig.15), or click "manual input" to enter the WF code. Check the WF code being scanned in to IOT code
- 7. Click "Comfirm", device bond is done (Fig.16
- 8. Check the wifi module indicators should be lit as Fig.17 after successful configuratio









Fig.13 Enable camera permission

Fig.14 Scanning interface

Fig.15 WF barcode









Fig.17 Wifi module indicators after successful

Device Management

Device management operations are as below:



Fig. 18Device Main interface

Fig.19 The right-hand menu interface



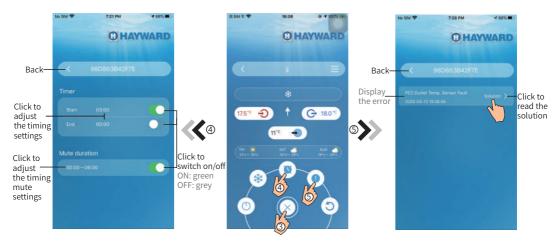


Fig.21 Timing Settings interface

Fig.20 Device Main interface

Fig. 22 Troubleshooting interface

| ICON | NAME | FUNCTIONS |
|------|------------------|--|
| Ф | ON/ OFF | Click it to turn on/ off the unit |
| | Mode shift | Mode changing: CoolingHeatingAuto |
| * | Cooling | Display Cooling mode, click it to change operating mode |
| * | Heating | Display Heating mode, click it to change operating mode |
| * | Auto | Display Auto mode, click it to change operating mode |
| | Timming settings | Click it to jump to the timer on/ off and mute timer setting interface |
| • | Troubleshooting | Click it to jump to the troubleshooting interface |
| * | Menu | Click to unfold or collapse the menu |
| 5 | Refresh | Retrieve the server data and update the APP display |

- Check the water supply device and the release often. You should avoid the condition of no water or air entering into system, as this will influence unit's performance and reliability. Regularly maintaining the pool/spa filter is essential to prevent any harm to the unit caused by a filthy or obstructed filter.
 - The area around the unit should be dry, clean and well ventilated. Clean the side heating exchanger regularly to maintain good heat transfer to conserve energy.
- The operational pressure of the refrigerant system should only be checked by a certified technician.
- Regularly inspect the power supply and cable connections. If the appliance starts to function in an unexpected manner, turn it off and get in touch with a skilled expert.
- Checks to the area Before commencing work on systems that contain flammable refrigerants, it is essential to conduct safety tests in order to limit the danger of ignition. Prior to undertaking work on the refrigerating system, it is necessary to comply with the following measures for repair.
- Work procedure Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure to minimise the risk of a flammable gas or vapor being present while the work being performed.
- General work area All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out. Work in confined spaces shall be avoided. The area around the workspace shall be sectioned off. Ensure that the conditions within the area have been made safe by control of flammable material.
- Checking for presence of refrigerant The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially flammable atmospheres. Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with flammable refrigerants, i.e. non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.
- Presence of fire extinguisher If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigeration equipment or any associated parts, appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand. Have a dry powder or CO2 fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.

Ignition sources

Individuals working on a refrigeration system involving exposed pipes containing or previously contained flammable refrigerant must not utilise any sources of ignition in a way that could potentially cause a fire or explosion. It is important to keep all potential ignition sources, such as cigarette smoking, at a safe distance from the area where installation, repair, removal, and disposal activities are taking place. This is particularly important when there is a possibility of releasing flammable refrigerant into the surrounding space. Before commencing work, it is necessary to inspect surrounding region to ensure that there are no potential sources of flammable dangers or fire threats. It is required to show signs that prohibit smoking.

Ventilated area

Prior engaging in any hot work relate to refrigerant circuit, it is imperative to confirm that the space is either exposed to the open air or possesses sufficient ventilation. Continuous ventilation is required throughout the duration of the work. The ventilation system should effectively disperse any refrigerant that is released and ideally expel it outside into the atmosphere.

Equipment checks

Electrical components that are being replaced must be suitable for the intended use and meet the appropriate specifications. The manufacturer's maintenance and service requirements must always be adhered.

The following checks shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants:

If ventilation system in use, make sure the vents are operating adequately and are not obstructed; If an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant:

The refrigeration pipe or components are placed in a location where they are not likely to come into contact with any substances that could corrode the refrigerant-containing components, unless the components are made of materials that are naturally resistant to corrosion or are adequately protected against corrosion.

Electrical checks

Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures. The appliance should not be use in any means If a fault exists that could compromise the safety,

Under no circumstances can circuit boards be touched with bare hands during or immediately after the operation.

Ensure that no live wires are exposed while charging, recovering, or purging the system. Make sure that the heat pump is properly grounded to the earth.

Repairs to sealed components

- 1) Before removing sealed covers or any other components, all electrical supply must be disconnected from the equipment being repaired. If there is an absolute need for an electrical supply to equipment during service, a continuously functioning leak detection system must be installed at the most relevant location to alert of any potentially dangerous condition.
- 2) Special emphasis must be placed on the following to guarantee that when working on electrical components, the casing is not modified in a manner that compromises the level of protection. This encompasses several factors such as cable damage, an excessive number of connections, terminals that do not meet the original specifications, seal damage, and inappropriate installation of glands.

Ensure that appliance is mounted securely.

Ensure the seals or sealing materials have not degraded such that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres. Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

NOTE: The use of silicon sealant may inhibit the effectiveness of some types of leak detection equipment. Intrinsically safe components do not have to be isolated prior to working on them.

Repairs to intrinsically safe components

Do not apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permitted for the equipment in use. Intrinsically safe components are the only types that can be worked on while live in the presence of a flammable atmosphere. The test apparatus shall be at the correct rating. Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer. Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak.

Cabling

Ensure that the cabling is not susceptible to wear, corrosion, extreme pressure, vibration, sharp edges, or any other detrimental environmental factors. The assessment will also consider the impact of ageing or persistent vibration caused by sources such as compressors or fans.

Detection of flammable refrigerants

Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used.

Leak detection methods

The following leak detection methods are deemed acceptable for systems containing flammable refrigerants.

Electronic leak detectors shall be used to detect flammable refrigerants, but the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.) Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed.

Leak detection fluids are suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work.

If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/ extinguished.

If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak. Oxygen free nitrogen (OFN) shall then be purged through the system both before and during the brazing process.

Removal and evacuation

When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs or for any other purpose conventional procedures shall be used. However, it is important that best practice is followed since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to: Remove refrigerant;

- . Purge the circuit with inert gas;
- . Evacuate:
- . Purge again with inert gas;
- . Open the circuit by cutting or brazing.

The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders. The system shall be "flushed" with OFN to render the unit safe. This process may need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for this task.

Flushing shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with OFN and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system. When the final OFN charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. This operation is absolutely vital if brazing operations on the pipe-work are to take place. Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any ignition sources and there is ventilation available. working on them.

Labelling

The equipment must be clearly marked to indicate that it has been decommissioned and all refrigerant has been removed. The label must be both dated and signed. Make sure that the equipment is clearly labeled to indicate that it contains a refrigerant that is flammable.

Recovery

When extracting refrigerant from a system, whether for maintenance or decommissioning purposes, it is advisable to follow proper protocols to ensure the safe removal of all refrigerants..

When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, make sure to use only suitable refrigerant recovery cylinders. Verify the presence of the appropriate number of cylinders capable of containing the entire system charge. All cylinders intended for usage must be specifically labelled and labelled for the recovered refrigerant, ensuring they are suitable for the purpose of refrigerant recovery. The cylinders must be equipped with a pressure relief valve and functioning shut-off valves. Before recovery takes place, it is necessary to remove and, if feasible, cool the empty recovery cylinders.

The recovery equipment must be in optimal operational condition, accompanied by a comprehensive set of instructions specific to the equipment, and capable of effectively recovering flammable refrigerants. Furthermore, there must be a set of accurately calibrated weighing scales that are readily accessible and in optimal operational condition. The hoses must be equipped with disconnect couplings that are free from leaks and must be in a satisfactory condition. Prior to utilising the recovery machine, ensure that it is in a suitable operational state, has undergone appropriate maintenance, and that any related electrical elements are securely sealed to prevent ignition in case of a refrigerant discharge. Seek guidance from the manufacturer if you are uncertain.

The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant Waste Transfer Note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.

If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

Decommissioning

Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail. It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely. Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of reclaimed refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.

- a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.
- b) Isolate system electrically.
- c) Before attempting the procedure ensure that:
- . Mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders; . All personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
- . The recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person;
- . Recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.
- d) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.
- e) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.
- f) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
- g) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- h) Do not overfill cylinders. (No more than 80 % volume liquid charge).
- i) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.
- j) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
- k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigeration system unless it has been cleaned and checked.

Charging procedures

In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed.

- Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment. Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimise the amount of refrigerant contained in them.
- Cylinders shall be kept upright.
- Ensure that the refrigeration system is earthed prior to charging the system with refrigerant.
- Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
- Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the refrigeration system.

Prior to recharging the system it shall be pressure tested with OFN. The system shall be leak tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning. A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.

The safety wire model is 5*20_5A/250VAC,And must meet the explosion-proof requirements

7.1 Cable specification (1) Single phase unit

| Nameplate maximum current | Phase line | Earth line | МСВ | Creepage protector | Signal line |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|------|------------------------|---------------------|
| No more than 10A | 2×1.5mm² | 1.5mm ² | 20A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| 10~16A | 2×2.5mm ² | 2.5mm ² | 32A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| 16~25A | 2×4mm ² | 4mm ² | 40A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| 25~32A | 2×6mm ² | 6mm ² | 40A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| 32~40A | 2×10mm ² | 10mm ² | 63A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| 40~63A | 2×16mm ² | 16mm ² | 80A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | $n \times 0.5 mm^2$ |
| 63~75A | 2×25mm ² | 25mm ² | 100A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| 75~101A | 2×25mm ² | 25mm ² | 125A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| 101~123A | 2×35mm ² | 35mm ² | 160A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| 123~148A | 2×50mm ² | 50mm ² | 225A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| 148~186A | $2 \times 70 \text{mm}^2$ | 70mm ² | 250A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| 186~224A | 2×95 mm 2 | 95mm ² | 280A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |

(2) Three phase unit

| Nameplate maximum current | Phase line | Earth line | МСВ | Creepage protector | Signal line |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|------|------------------------|---------------------|
| No more | _ | | | | |
| than 10A | 3×1.5mm ² | 1.5mm ² | 20A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| 10~16A | 3×2.5mm ² | 2.5mm ² | 32A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| 16~25A | 3×4mm ² | 4mm ² | 40A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| 25~32A | 3×6mm ² | 6mm ² | 40A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| 32~40A | 3×10mm ² | 10mm ² | 63A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| 40~63A | 3×16mm ² | 16mm ² | 80A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | $n \times 0.5 mm^2$ |
| 63~75A | 3×25mm ² | 25mm ² | 100A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| 75~101A | 3×25 mm ² | 25mm ² | 125A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| 101~123A | 3×35 mm ² | 35mm ² | 160A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| 123~148A | 3×50 mm ² | 50mm ² | 225A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| 148~186A | 3×70 mm ² | 70mm ² | 250A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |
| 186~224A | 3×95 mm ² | 95mm ² | 280A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | |

When the unit will be installed at outdoor, please use the cable which can against UV.

7.2 Comparison table of refrigerant saturation temperature

| Pressure (MPa) | 0 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 1 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 2 | 2.3 |
|-------------------------|-------|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| Temperature (R410A)(°C) | -51.3 | -20 | -9 | 4 | 11 | 19 | 24 | 31 | 35 | 39 |
| Temperature (R32)(°C) | -52.5 | -20 | -9 | 3.5 | 10 | 18 | 23 | 29.5 | 33.3 | 38.7 |
| Pressure (MPa) | 2.5 | 2.8 | 3 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 4 | 4.5 | 5 | 5.5 |
| Temperature (R410A)(°C) | 43 | 47 | 51 | 55 | 57 | 61 | 64 | 70 | 74 | 80 |
| Temperature (R32)(°C) | 42 | 46.5 | 49.5 | 53.5 | 56 | 60 | 62 | 67.5 | 72.5 | 77.4 |

KEEP THIS BOOKLET



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