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(30-00-10)

	(0000	10)	
	This SDS complies with the US	OSHA HCS 2012.	
	1. Product and Compar	v Identification	
	906133		
	TURF FERTILIZER + 0.37% PRODIAMINE (30-00-10)		
	Turf Care Supply LLC	Phone Number:	
	50 Pearl Road	1 (330)558-0910	
	Suite 200		
	Brunswick, OH 44212		
Web site address:	www.turfcaresupply.com		
Email address:	regaffairs@tcscusa.com		
Emergency Contact:	PERS	1 (800)633-8253	
Information:	Turf Care Supply LLC	1 (330)558-0910	
	Fertilizer with Pre-Emergent Herbio		
Synonyms.	č		
	2. Hazards Ident	ification	
Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Cat			
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irrit			
Germ Cell Mutagenicity, Cate	egory 2		
Toxic To Reproduction, Cate	gory 1B		
Specific Target Organ Toxici	ty (single exposure), Category 1		
		1	
Specific Target Organ Toxici	ty (repeated exposure), Category	1	
Specific Target Organ Toxici		1	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat	egory 3	•	
Specific Target Organ Toxici	egory 3	•	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat	egory 3	•	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat	egory 3	•	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat	egory 3	•	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C	egory 3 Category 3	•	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C Official Content GHS Signal Word:	begory 3 Category 3 Danger		
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat	begory 3 Category 3 Danger Causes skin irritation.		
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C Official Content GHS Signal Word:	begory 3 Category 3 Danger Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage.		
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C Official Content GHS Signal Word:	<b>Danger</b> Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing genetic defe	cts.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C Official Content GHS Signal Word:	<b>Danger</b> Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing genetic defe May damage fertility or the unborn	cts.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C Official Content GHS Signal Word:	<b>Danger</b> Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing genetic defe May damage fertility or the unborn Causes damage to organs	cts. child .	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C Official Content GHS Signal Word:	<b>Danger</b> Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing genetic defe May damage fertility or the unborn Causes damage to organs Causes damage to organs throug	cts. child .	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C Official Content GHS Signal Word:	<b>Danger</b> Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing genetic defe May damage fertility or the unborn Causes damage to organs Causes damage to organs throug Harmful to aquatic life.	cts. child . n prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C ORS Signal Word: GHS Hazard Phrases:	<b>Danger</b> Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing genetic defe May damage fertility or the unborn Causes damage to organs Causes damage to organs throug Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long las	cts. child . n prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C ORS Signal Word: GHS Hazard Phrases:	<b>Danger</b> Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing genetic defe May damage fertility or the unborn Causes damage to organs Causes damage to organs throug Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long las Obtain special instructions before	cts. child . n prolonged or repeated exposure. tting effects. use.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C ORS Signal Word: GHS Hazard Phrases:	<b>Danger</b> Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing genetic defe May damage fertility or the unborn Causes damage to organs Causes damage to organs through Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long las Obtain special instructions before to Do not handle until all safety preca	cts. child . n prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C ORS Signal Word: GHS Hazard Phrases:	<b>Danger</b> Causes skin irritation. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing genetic defe May damage fertility or the unborn Causes damage to organs Causes damage to organs throug Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long las Obtain special instructions before to Do not handle until all safety preca Do not breathe dust.	cts. child . n prolonged or repeated exposure. ting effects. use. utions have been read and understood.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C ORS Signal Word: GHS Hazard Phrases:	<b>Danger</b> Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing genetic defe May damage fertility or the unborn Causes damage to organs Causes damage to organs throug Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long las Obtain special instructions before to Do not handle until all safety preca Do not breathe dust. Wash hands thoroughly after hand	cts. child . n prolonged or repeated exposure. ting effects. use. utions have been read and understood.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C ORS Signal Word: GHS Hazard Phrases:	Danger         Causes skin irritation.         Causes serious eye damage.         Suspected of causing genetic defe         May damage fertility or the unborn         Causes damage to organs         Do not handle until all safety preca         Do not breathe dust.         Wash hands thoroughly after hand         Do not eat, drink or smoke when u	cts. child . n prolonged or repeated exposure. ting effects. use. utions have been read and understood. ling. sing this product.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C Offer the second second second GHS Signal Word: GHS Hazard Phrases: GHS Precautionary Phrases:	Danger         Causes skin irritation.         Causes serious eye damage.         Suspected of causing genetic defe         May damage fertility or the unborn         Causes damage to organs         Causes damage to organs through         Harmful to aquatic life.         Harmful to aquatic life with long lass         Obtain special instructions before a         Do not handle until all safety precase         Do not breathe dust.         Wash hands thoroughly after hand         Do not eat, drink or smoke when u         Use personal protective equipmen	cts. child . n prolonged or repeated exposure. ting effects. use. utions have been read and understood. ling. sing this product. t as required.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C Offer Signal Word: GHS Hazard Phrases: GHS Precautionary Phrases:	Danger         Causes skin irritation.         Causes serious eye damage.         Suspected of causing genetic defe         May damage fertility or the unborn         Causes damage to organs         Causes damage to organs         Causes damage to organs through         Harmful to aquatic life.         Harmful to aquatic life with long lass         Obtain special instructions before to         Do not handle until all safety precator         Do not breathe dust.         Wash hands thoroughly after hand         Do not eat, drink or smoke when u         Use personal protective equipment         IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of state	cts. child . n prolonged or repeated exposure. ting effects. use. utions have been read and understood. ling. sing this product. t as required. oap and water.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C Offer the second second second GHS Signal Word: GHS Hazard Phrases: GHS Precautionary Phrases:	Danger         Causes skin irritation.         Causes serious eye damage.         Suspected of causing genetic defe         May damage fertility or the unborn         Causes damage to organs         Do not handle until all safety preca         Do not breathe dust.         Wash hands thoroughly after hand         Do not eat, drink or smoke when u         Use personal protective equipmen         IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of s         IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with <td>cts. child . n prolonged or repeated exposure. ting effects. use. utions have been read and understood. ling. sing this product. t as required. oap and water. water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,</td>	cts. child . n prolonged or repeated exposure. ting effects. use. utions have been read and understood. ling. sing this product. t as required. oap and water. water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C Offer the second second second GHS Signal Word: GHS Hazard Phrases: GHS Precautionary Phrases:	Danger         Causes skin irritation.         Causes serious eye damage.         Suspected of causing genetic defe         May damage fertility or the unborn         Causes damage to organs         Causes damage to organs through         Harmful to aquatic life.         Harmful to aquatic life with long lass         Obtain special instructions before to         Do not handle until all safety precator         Do not breathe dust.         Wash hands thoroughly after hand         Do not eat, drink or smoke when u         Use personal protective equipment         IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of state         IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with         present and easy to do. Continue to	cts. child . n prolonged or repeated exposure. ting effects. use. utions have been read and understood. ling. sing this product. t as required. oap and water. water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, insing.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C ORS Signal Word: GHS Hazard Phrases:	Danger         Causes skin irritation.         Causes serious eye damage.         Suspected of causing genetic defe         May damage fertility or the unborn         Causes damage to organs         Causes damage to organs         Causes damage to organs through         Harmful to aquatic life.         Harmful to aquatic life with long last         Obtain special instructions before to         Do not handle until all safety precator         Do not breathe dust.         Wash hands thoroughly after hand         Do not eat, drink or smoke when u         Use personal protective equipment         IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of states         IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with         present and easy to do. Continue to         IF exposed: Call a POISON CENT	cts. child . n prolonged or repeated exposure. ting effects. use. utions have been read and understood. ling. sing this product. t as required. oap and water. water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, insing. ER or doctor/physician.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C Offer the second second second GHS Signal Word: GHS Hazard Phrases: GHS Precautionary Phrases:	Danger         Causes skin irritation.         Causes serious eye damage.         Suspected of causing genetic defe         May damage fertility or the unborn         Causes damage to organs         Causes damage to organs         Causes damage to organs through         Harmful to aquatic life.         Harmful to aquatic life with long lass         Obtain special instructions before or         Do not handle until all safety precate         Do not breathe dust.         Wash hands thoroughly after hand         Do not eat, drink or smoke when u         Use personal protective equipment         IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of state         IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with         present and easy to do. Continue or         IF exposed: Call a POISON CENT         IF exposed or concerned: Get medital protection	cts. child . n prolonged or repeated exposure. ting effects. use. utions have been read and understood. ling. sing this product. t as required. oap and water. water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, insing. ER or doctor/physician. lical attention/advice.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C Offer the second second second GHS Signal Word: GHS Hazard Phrases: GHS Precautionary Phrases:	Danger         Causes skin irritation.         Causes serious eye damage.         Suspected of causing genetic defe         May damage fertility or the unborn         Causes damage to organs         Causes damage to organs         Causes damage to organs         Causes damage to organs through         Harmful to aquatic life.         Harmful to aquatic life with long lass         Obtain special instructions before to         Do not handle until all safety precator         Do not breathe dust.         Wash hands thoroughly after hand         Do not eat, drink or smoke when u         Use personal protective equipment         IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of state         IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with         present and easy to do. Continue to         IF exposed: Call a POISON CENT         IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice if yout	cts. child . n prolonged or repeated exposure. ting effects. use. utions have been read and understood. ling. sing this product. t as required. oap and water. water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, insing. ER or doctor/physician. lical attention/advice. feel unwell.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicit Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Cat Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), C Offer the second second second GHS Signal Word: GHS Hazard Phrases: GHS Precautionary Phrases:	Danger         Causes skin irritation.         Causes serious eye damage.         Suspected of causing genetic defe         May damage fertility or the unborn         Causes damage to organs         Causes damage to organs         Causes damage to organs through         Harmful to aquatic life.         Harmful to aquatic life with long lass         Obtain special instructions before or         Do not handle until all safety precate         Do not breathe dust.         Wash hands thoroughly after hand         Do not eat, drink or smoke when u         Use personal protective equipment         IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of state         IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with         present and easy to do. Continue or         IF exposed: Call a POISON CENT         IF exposed or concerned: Get medital protection	cts. child . n prolonged or repeated exposure. ting effects. use. utions have been read and understood. ling. sing this product. t as required. oap and water. water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, insing. ER or doctor/physician. lical attention/advice. feel unwell. advice/attention.	

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		IURF FERIILIZ	ER + 0.37% PRODIAMINE	Revision: 02/14/2025
			(30-00-10)	
GHS Storag Phrases:	e and Disposal	Store in a secure location Dispose of contents/conta	i. ainer to an appropriate disposal facility.	
Potential He (Acute and (		• •	eated skin contact may cause dermatitis ause permanent eye damage. Chronic ex / be delayed.	•
Inhalation:		properties of this substan	. Low hazard for normal industrial handlin ce have not been fully investigated. May rritating to mucous membranes and uppe	cause systemic
Skin Contac	:t:	May cause skin irritation. industrial handling.	Dust causes mechanical irritation. Low h	azard for usual
Eye Contact		May cause eye irritation.	Dust may cause mechanical irritation.	
Ingestion:		and diarrhea. Low hazard	red. May cause gastrointestinal irritation v for normal industrial handling. The toxico een fully investigated. May cause system	ological properties of
	3	. Composition/Info	ormation on Ingredients	
CAS #	Hazardous Com	ponents (Chemical Name)	Concentration	
57-13-6	Urea		65.3 %	
7447-40-7	Potassium chloric	le	16.6 %	

1317-65-3

7704-34-9

14808-60-7

64742-65-0

29091-21-2

Limestone

Mineral Oil

Prodiamine

Sulfur

Quartz

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:	
In Case of Inhalation:	Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid.
In Case of Skin Contact:	Get medical aid if irritation develops or persists. In case of contact, flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical aid if irritation develops and persists. Wash clothing before reuse. Wash off with soap and plenty of water.
In Case of Eye Contact:	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Do NOT allow victim to rub eyes or keep eyes closed.
In Case of Ingestion:	If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water. Call a poison control center. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Signs and Symptoms Of Exposure:	To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.
Note to Physician:	Treat symptomatically and supportively.

14.1 %

1.40 %

0.470 %

0.400 %

0.384 %

4. First Aid Measures

## (30-00-10)

	5. Fire Fighting Measures		
Flash Point:	No data.		
Explosive Limits:	LEL: No data. UEL: No data.		
Autoignition Pt:	No data.		
Suitable Extinguishing Media	<b>a:</b> For small fires, use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or water spray. For large fires, use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, alcohol-resistant foam, or water spray.		
Fire Fighting Instructions:	As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Substance is noncombustible. Decomposes at high temperatures, resulting in toxic and corrosive products. Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution.		
Flammable Properties and Hazards:	Most of the components of this product are non-combustible. However, a portion of them may support combustion at elevated temperatures.		
Hazardous Combustion Products:	Thermal decomposition may result in the production of ammonia, formaldehyde, biuret, chlorine, cyanic acid, and cyanide, and oxides of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, sulfur, and chlorine, and oxides of alkaline earth metals, and certain heavier metals used as nutrients in fertilizer products, such as copper, iron, manganese, and zinc, and other toxic and irritating fumes and gases.		
	6. Accidental Release Measures		
Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled:	Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Spills/Leaks: Vacuum or sweep up material and place into a suitable disposal container. Avoid generating dusty conditions. Provide ventilation. Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways. Do not let this product enter the environment except as directed on product label. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the Protective Equipment section.		
	Personal precautions. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing dust. Ensure adequate ventilation.		
	Environmental precautions. Do not let product enter drains.		
	Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.		
	PROCEDURES & PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS. Exercise appropriate precautions to minimize direct contact with skin or eyes and prevent inhalation of dust.		
	Methods for cleaning up. Sweep up, place in a bag and hold for waste disposal. Avoid raising dust. Ventilate area and wash spill site after material pickup is complete.		
	7. Handling and Storage		
Precautions To Be Taken in Handling:	Use with adequate ventilation. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Wash clothing before reuse.		
	Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.		

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**Precautions To Be Taken in** Store in a cool, dry place. Keep container closed when not in use. **Storing:** 

CAS #	Partial Chemical	Namo	OSHA TWA	ACGIH TWA	Other Limits
-				-	
57-13-6	Urea		No data.	No data.	No data.
7447-40-7	Potassium chloride	-	No data.	No data.	No data.
1317-65-3	Limestone		PEL: 15 (dust); 5 (resp.) mg/m3	No data.	No data.
7704-34-9	Sulfur		No data.	No data.	No data.
14808-60-7	Quartz		PEL: 50 ug/m3	No data.	No data.
64742-65-0	Mineral Oil		No data.	No data.	No data.
29091-21-2	Prodiamine		No data.	No data.	No data.
Recommend _imits:	ed Exposure	•	eding chart, the exposu ich includes quartz, cris	•	•
Respiratory I Specify Typ Eye Protectio	e):	requirements or Eur conditions warrant r desired, use type NS use type OV/AG/P9	tion program that meets opean Standard EN 14 espirator use. Where p 95 (US) or type P1 (EN 9 (US) or type ABEK-P rotective eyeglasses or	9 must be followed wh rotection from nuisance 143) dust masks. For 2 (EU EN 143) respira	enever workplace e levels of dusts are higher level protectio tor cartridges.
-		OSHA's eye and fac EN166.	e protection regulation	s in 29 CFR 1910.133	or European Standar
Protective G	oves:	Wear appropriate pr	otective gloves to prev	ent skin exposure. Wa	sh and dry hands.
Other Protec	tive Clothing:		otective clothing to pre ount and concentration		• •
Engineering Ventilation e		a safety shower. Us	utilizing this material sh e adequate ventilation <sup>-</sup> local exhaust ventilatio e limits.	to keep airborne conce	entrations low. Use
Nork/Hygien Practices:	ic/Maintenance		ce with good industrial l t the end of workday. V		
		9. Physical a	and Chemical P	roperties	
Physical Stat	tes:	[]Gas []Liqu	iid [X] Solid		
Appearance	and Odor:	Multi-colored, granu Characteristic pestic			
oH:		No data.			
Melting Point	t:	~ 133 C			
Boiling Point		No data. / 0.0 mr	n Ha		
Flash Point:		No data.			
Evaporation	Rato:	No data.			
-		No data available.			
-	(solid, gas):		UEL: No data		
Explosive Lii		LEL: No data.			

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#### SAFETY DATA SHEET TURF FERTILIZER + 0.37% PRODIAMINE (30-00-10)

of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, sulfur, and chlorine, and oxides of alkaline earth metals, and certain heavier metals used as nutrients in fertilizer products, such as copper, iron, manganese, and zinc, and other irritating and toxic fumes and gases.         Possibility of Hazardous       Will occur []         Will occur []       Will not occur [X]         Reactions:       No data available.		(30-00-10)
Bulk density:       - 45 - 65 LB/CF         Solubility in Water:       - 1,080 g/L at 20.0 C         Solubility Notes:       The solubility value cited is for the urea component of this product, if present. See section 3.         Saturated Vapor       No data.         Concentration:       Octanol/Water Partition         Octanol/Water Partition       No data.         Coefficient:       Autoignition Pt:         Autoignition Pt:       No data.         Decomposition       - 135 C         Temperature:       Viscosity:         Viscosity:       No data.         Additional Physical       The melting point and decomposition temperatures cited are for the urea component of this product, if present. See section 3.         Urea decomposes before boiling.       (UNEP Publication, OECD SIDS UREA, CAS No: 57-13-6) <b>10. Stability and Reactivity</b> Incompatible materials, dust generation, heating to decomposition. High temperatures.         Instability:       Incompatible materials, dust generation, heating to decomposition. High temperatures.         Instability:       Following: ammonia, formaldehyde, biuret, chlorine, cyanic aid, and cyanide, and oxide of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, sulfur, and chlorine, and oxides of alkaline eart metals, and certain heavier metals used as nutrients in fertilizer products.         Possibility of Hazardous       Will occur []       Will occur [X]	Vapor Density (vs. Air=1):	No data.
Solubility in Water:       ~ 1,080 g/L at 20.0 C         Solubility Notes:       The solubility value cited is for the urea component of this product, if present. See section 3.         Saturated Vapor       No data.         Concentration:       Octanol/Water Partition         Octanol/Water Partition       No data.         Coefficient:       No data.         Autoignition Pt:       No data.         Decomposition       ~ 135 C         Temperature:       Viscosity:         No data.       Coefficient:         Additional Physical Information:       The melting point and decomposition temperatures cited are for the urea component of this product, if present. See section 3.         Urea decomposes before boiling. (UNEP Publication, OECD SIDS UREA, CAS No: 57-13-6) <b>10. Stability and Reactivity</b> Stability:       Unstable [] Stable [X]         Incompatibility - Materials To       Strong oxidizing agents, bases, acids, aluminum.         Avoid:       Materials, and certain heavier metals used as nutrients in fertilizer products: following: ammonia, formaldehyde, biuret, chlorine, cyanic acid, and cyanide, and oxide of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, sulfur, and chlorine, and oxides of alkaline earth metals, and certain heavier metals used as nutrients in fertilizer products: such as copper, iron, manganese, and zinc, and other irritating and toxic fumes and gases.         Possibility of Hazardous       Will occur []	Specific Gravity (Water=1):	No data.
Solubility Notes:       The solubility value cited is for the urea component of this product, if present. See section 3.         Saturated Vapor       No data.         Concentration:       No data.         Octanol/Water Partition       No data.         Conficient:       No data.         Autoignition Pt:       No data.         Decomposition       ~ 135 C         Temperature:       Viscosity:         Viscosity:       No data.         Additional Physical Information:       The melting point and decomposition temperatures cited are for the urea component of this product, if present. See section 3.         Urea decomposes before boiling.       (UNEP Publication, OECD SIDS UREA, CAS No: 57-13-6) <b>10. Stability and Reactivity</b> Incompatibility - Materials To         Strong oxidizing agents, bases, acids, aluminum.       Avoid:         Hazardous Decomposition or The decomposition of fertilizer products may result in the generation of some or all of the following: ammonia, formaldehyde, biuret, chlorine, cyanic acid, and cyanide, and oxide of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, sulfur, and chlorine, and oxides of alkaline earth metals, and certain heavier metals used as nutrients in fertilizer products, such as copper, iron, manganese, and zinc, and other irritating and toxic fumes and gases.         Possibility of Hazardous       Will occur [ ] Will not occur [X]         Reactions:       Conditions To Avoid - No data available. </td <td>Bulk density:</td> <td>~ 45 - 65 LB/CF</td>	Bulk density:	~ 45 - 65 LB/CF
section 3.         Saturated Vapor Concentration:       No data.         Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient:       No data.         Autoignition Pt:       No data.         Decomposition emposition information:       - 135 C         Additional Physical information:       The melting point and decomposition temperatures cited are for the urea component of this product, if present. See section 3. Urea decomposes before boiling. (UNEP Publication, OECD SIDS UREA, CAS No: 57-13-6) <b>10. Stability and Reactivity</b> Stability:       Unstable []         Stability:       Unstable []         Stability:       Incompatibility - Materials To         Avoid:       The decomposition of fertilizer products may result in the generation of some or all of th following: ammonia, formaldehyde, biuret, chlorine, cyanic acid, and cyanide, and oxide of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, phaspimus, usfur, and chlorine, and oxides of alkaline earth metals, and certain heavier metals used as nutrients in fertilizer products, such as copper, iron, manganese, and zinc, and other irritating and toxic fumes and gases.         Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:       Will occur []       Will not occur [X]	Solubility in Water:	~ 1,080 g/L at 20.0 C
Concentration:       No data.         Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient:       No data.         Autoignition Pt:       No data.         Decomposition       ~ 135 C         Temperature:       Viscosity:         Viscosity:       No data.         Additional Physical Information:       The melting point and decomposition temperatures cited are for the urea component of this product, if present. See section 3.         Urea decomposes before boiling.       (UNEP Publication, OECD SIDS UREA, CAS No: 57-13-6) <b>Stability:</b> Unstable []         Stability:       Unstable []         Stability:       Unstable []         Stability:       Incompatible materials, dust generation, heating to decomposition. High temperatures. Instability:         Incompatibility - Materials To       Strong oxidizing agents, bases, acids, aluminum. Avoid:         Hazardous Decomposition or Hazardous Decomposition or Sproducts:       Following: ammonia, formaldehyde, biuret, chlorine, cyanic acid, and cyanide, and oxide of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, sulfur, and chlorine, and oxides of alkaline earth metals, and certain heavier metals used as nutrients in fertilizer products, such as copper, iron, manganese, and zinc, and other irritating and toxic fumes and gases.         Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:       Will not occur [X]         Conditions To Avoid -       No data available.	Solubility Notes:	
Coefficient:         Autoignition Pt:       No data.         Decomposition       ~ 135 C         Temperature:       Viscosity:         No data.         Additional Physical       The melting point and decomposition temperatures cited are for the urea component of this product, if present. See section 3.         Urea decomposes before boiling. (UNEP Publication, OECD SIDS UREA, CAS No: 57-13-6) <b>10. Stability and Reactivity</b> Stability:       Unstable [] Stable [X]         Conditions To Avoid -       Incompatible materials, dust generation, heating to decomposition. High temperatures.         Instability:       Incompatible materials, dust generation, heating to decomposition. High temperatures.         Instability:       Incompatible materials, dust generation, heating to decomposition. High temperatures.         Instability:       Incompatible materials, dust generation, heating to decomposition. High temperatures.         Instability:       Incompatible materials, dust generation, heating to decomposition. High temperatures.         Instability:       Incompatible materials, dust generation, heating to decomposition of some or all of th following: ammonia, formaldehyde, biuret, chlorine, cyanic acid, and cyanide, and oxide of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, sulfur, and chlorine, and oxides of alkaline earth metals, and certain heavier metals used as nutrients in fertilizer products, such as copper, iron, manganese, and zinc, and other irritating and toxic fumes and gases.	-	No data.
Decomposition Temperature:       ~ 135 C         Viscosity:       No data.         Additional Physical Information:       The melting point and decomposition temperatures cited are for the urea component of this product, if present. See section 3. Urea decomposes before boiling. (UNEP Publication, OECD SIDS UREA, CAS No: 57-13-6)         Stability:       Unstable [] Stable [X] Incompatibility - Materials To         Conditions To Avoid - Instability:       Incompatible materials, dust generation, heating to decomposition. High temperatures. Instability:         Incompatibility - Materials To       Strong oxidizing agents, bases, acids, aluminum. Avoid:         Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts:       The decomposition of fertilizer products may result in the generation of some or all of th Byproducts:         Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:       Will occur [] Will not occur [X]         Reactions:       No data available.		No data.
Temperature:       Viscosity:       No data.         Additional Physical Information:       The melting point and decomposition temperatures cited are for the urea component of this product, if present. See section 3. Urea decomposes before boiling. (UNEP Publication, OECD SIDS UREA, CAS No: 57-13-6)         Stability:       Unstable [] Stable [X]         Conditions To Avoid - Incompatibility - Materials To       Incompatible materials, dust generation, heating to decomposition. High temperatures. Instability:         Incompatibility - Materials To       Strong oxidizing agents, bases, acids, aluminum. Avoid:         Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts:       The decomposition of fertilizer products may result in the generation of some or all of th following: ammonia, formaldehyde, biuret, chlorine, cyanic acid, and cyanide, and oxide of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, sulfur, and chlorine, and oxides of alkaline earth metals, and certain heavier metals used as nutrients in fertilizer products, such as copper, iron, manganese, and zinc, and other irritating and toxic fumes and gases.         Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:       Will occur []       Will not occur [X]	Autoignition Pt:	No data.
Additional Physical Information:       The melting point and decomposition temperatures cited are for the urea component of this product, if present. See section 3. Urea decomposes before boiling. (UNEP Publication, OECD SIDS UREA, CAS No: 57-13-6)         Stability:       Unstable [] Stable [X] Incompatible materials, dust generation, heating to decomposition. High temperatures. Instability:         Stability:       Unstable [] Stable [X] Incompatible materials, dust generation, heating to decomposition. High temperatures. Instability:         Incompatible interials To Avoid:       Strong oxidizing agents, bases, acids, aluminum. Avoid:         Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts:       The decomposition of fertilizer products may result in the generation of some or all of th following: ammonia, formaldehyde, biuret, chlorine, cyanic acid, and cyanide, and oxide of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, sulfur, and chlorine, and oxides of alkaline earth metals, and certain heavier metals used as nutrients in fertilizer products, such as copper, iron, manganese, and zinc, and other irritating and toxic fumes and gases.         Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:       Will occur []       Will not occur [X]	-	~ 135 C
Information:       this product, if present. See section 3. Urea decomposes before boiling. (UNEP Publication, OECD SIDS UREA, CAS No: 57-13-6) <b>10. Stability and Reactivity</b> Stability:         Unstable [] Stable [X]         Conditions To Avoid - Instability:         Incompatibility - Materials To       Strong oxidizing agents, bases, acids, aluminum.         Avoid:       Hazardous Decomposition or Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts:       The decomposition of fertilizer products may result in the generation of some or all of th following: ammonia, formaldehyde, biuret, chlorine, cyanic acid, and cyanide, and oxide of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, sulfur, and chlorine, and oxides of alkaline earth metals, and certain heavier metals used as nutrients in fertilizer products, such as copper, iron, manganese, and zinc, and other irritating and toxic fumes and gases.         Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:       Will occur []       Will not occur [X]	Viscosity:	No data.
Stability:       Unstable []       Stable [X]         Conditions To Avoid -       Incompatible materials, dust generation, heating to decomposition. High temperatures.         Instability:       Incompatibility - Materials To       Strong oxidizing agents, bases, acids, aluminum.         Avoid:       Hazardous Decomposition or       The decomposition of fertilizer products may result in the generation of some or all of the following: ammonia, formaldehyde, biuret, chlorine, cyanic acid, and cyanide, and oxide of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, sulfur, and chlorine, and oxides of alkaline earth metals, and certain heavier metals used as nutrients in fertilizer products, such as copper, iron, manganese, and zinc, and other irritating and toxic fumes and gases.         Possibility of Hazardous       Will occur []       Will not occur [X]         Reactions:       Conditions To Avoid -       No data available.	-	this product, if present. See section 3. Urea decomposes before boiling. (UNEP Publication, OECD SIDS UREA, CAS No:
Conditions To Avoid - Instability:Incompatible materials, dust generation, heating to decomposition. High temperatures.Instability:Incompatibility - Materials ToStrong oxidizing agents, bases, acids, aluminum.Avoid:Avoid:Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts:The decomposition of fertilizer products may result in the generation of some or all of th following: ammonia, formaldehyde, biuret, chlorine, cyanic acid, and cyanide, and oxide of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, sulfur, and chlorine, and oxides of alkaline earth metals, and certain heavier metals used as nutrients in fertilizer products, such as copper, iron, manganese, and zinc, and other irritating and toxic fumes and gases.Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:Will occur []Will not occur [X]		10. Stability and Reactivity
Instability:         Incompatibility - Materials To       Strong oxidizing agents, bases, acids, aluminum.         Avoid:         Hazardous Decomposition or       The decomposition of fertilizer products may result in the generation of some or all of the following: ammonia, formaldehyde, biuret, chlorine, cyanic acid, and cyanide, and oxide of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, sulfur, and chlorine, and oxides of alkaline earth metals, and certain heavier metals used as nutrients in fertilizer products, such as copper, iron, manganese, and zinc, and other irritating and toxic fumes and gases.         Possibility of Hazardous       Will occur []       Will not occur [X]         Reactions:       No data available.	Stability:	Unstable [ ] Stable [ X ]
Avoid:       Hazardous Decomposition or The decomposition of fertilizer products may result in the generation of some or all of the following: ammonia, formaldehyde, biuret, chlorine, cyanic acid, and cyanide, and oxide of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, sulfur, and chlorine, and oxides of alkaline earth metals, and certain heavier metals used as nutrients in fertilizer products, such as copper, iron, manganese, and zinc, and other irritating and toxic fumes and gases.         Possibility of Hazardous       Will occur []         Will not occur [X]         Reactions:       No data available.		Incompatible materials, dust generation, heating to decomposition. High temperatures.
Byproducts:       following: ammonia, formaldehyde, biuret, chlorine, cyanic acid, and cyanide, and oxide of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, sulfur, and chlorine, and oxides of alkaline earth metals, and certain heavier metals used as nutrients in fertilizer products, such as copper, iron, manganese, and zinc, and other irritating and toxic fumes and gases.         Possibility of Hazardous       Will occur []         Will not occur [X]         Reactions:         Conditions To Avoid -		Strong oxidizing agents, bases, acids, aluminum.
Reactions:         Conditions To Avoid -         No data available.	-	following: ammonia, formaldehyde, biuret, chlorine, cyanic acid, and cyanide, and oxides of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, sulfur, and chlorine, and oxides of alkaline earth metals, and certain heavier metals used as nutrients in fertilizer products, such as
	-	Will occur [ ] Will not occur [ X ]
	Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Reactions:	No data available.

# (30-00-10)

		11. Toxicological	Informatio	n			
Toxicological Information: Carcinogenicity/Other Information:		Epidemiology: No information found. Teratogenicity: Teratogenic effects have occurred in experimental animals. Neurotoxic effects have occurred in experimental animals. Reproductive toxicity - no data available. Inhalation: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.					
		This material may contain small amounts of respirable crystalline and amorphous silica. The International Agency for Cancer Research (IARC) has classified crystalline silica as a carcinogen to humans (Group 1), and amorphous silica as not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (Group 3). See "Silica, Some Silicates, Coal dust and para-Aramid Fibrils in IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans", (Vol. 68).					
CAS #	Hazardous Cor	nponents (Chemical Name)	NTP	IARC	ACGIH	OSHA	
57-13-6	Urea		n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	
7447-40-7	Potassium chlor	ide	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	
1317-65-3	Limestone		n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	
7704-34-9	Sulfur		n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	
14808-60-7	Quartz		Known	1	A2	n.a.	
64742-65-0	Mineral Oil		n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	
29091-21-2	Prodiamine		n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	
		12. Ecological Ir	formation				
Information:		<ul> <li>vapor-phase by reaction with phothr). If released to soil, urea is hybasis of its use as a fertilizer). The number of variables (such as includegradation rate.</li> <li>Urea will dissolve and disperse in degrade water quality and taste. may affect water quality.</li> <li>Do not empty into drains.</li> </ul>	drolyzed to amr ne rate of hydro reasing the pelle n water, and will	nonium thro lysis can be et size of the promote alg	ugh soil ureas fast (24 hr); e fertilizer) car gae growth wi	se activity (the however, a n decrease th nich may	
Persistence and Degradability:		Prodiamine: Terrestrial Field Test Half-life: 69 days (Thurston County Health Dept., 412 Lilly Road NE, Olympia, WA 98506, pesticide review, Prodiamine, 10/10/2014)					
Bioaccumulative Potential:		Prodiamine: Log (Kow) = 4.1 (Thurston County Health Dept., 412 Lilly Road NE, Olympia, WA 98506, Pesticide Review, Prodiamine, 10/10/2014)					
Mobility in Soil:		Prodiamine: Water Solubility: 0.013 mg/L (Thurston County Health Dept., 412 Lilly Road NE, Olympia, WA 98506, pesticide review, Prodiamine, 10/10/2014)					

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Waste Dispo		13. Disposal			
-	osal Method:	If material cannot be comp and contents according to Contact a licensed profess	this section.	-	
		Do not let product enter dr	ains.		
		Chemical waste generator as a hazardous waste. US in 40 CFR Parts 261. Addi hazardous waste regulatio	EPA guideline tionally, waste	s for the classificatior generators must cons	n determination are listed sult state and local
		RCRA P-Series: None liste RCRA U-Series: None liste			
		Observe all federal, state,	and local envir	onmental regulations.	
		Packaging: Empty bag ma	ay be placed in	trash.	
		14. Transpo	ort Informa	ation	
DOT Prop DOT Haza	ard Class:				
-		15. Regulato	ory Inform	ation	
DOT Haza UN/NA Nu	umber:	<b>15. Regulato</b> ments and Reauthorization Ad			
DOT Haza UN/NA Nu EPA SARA (S	umber: Superfund Amend				S. 313 (TRI)
DOT Haza UN/NA Nu EPA SARA (S	umber: Superfund Amend	ments and Reauthorization Ac	t of 1986) Lists		<b>S. 313 (TRI)</b> No
DOT Haza UN/NA Nu EPA SARA (S CAS #	umber: Superfund Amend Hazardous Cor	ments and Reauthorization Ad nponents (Chemical Name)	ct of 1986) Lists S. 302 (EH	S) S. 304 RQ	
DOT Haza UN/NA Nu EPA SARA (S CAS # 57-13-6	umber: Superfund Amend Hazardous Con Urea	ments and Reauthorization Ad nponents (Chemical Name)	ct of 1986) Lists S. 302 (EH No	S) S. 304 RQ No	No
DOT Haza UN/NA Nu EPA SARA (S CAS # 57-13-6 7447-40-7	Superfund Amend Hazardous Con Urea Potassium chlor	ments and Reauthorization Ad nponents (Chemical Name)	<b>S. 302 (EH</b> No No	<b>S) S. 304 RQ</b> No No	No
DOT Haza UN/NA Nu EPA SARA (S CAS # 57-13-6 7447-40-7 1317-65-3	Superfund Amend Hazardous Con Urea Potassium chlor Limestone	ments and Reauthorization Ad nponents (Chemical Name)	<b>S. 302 (EH</b> No No No	<b>S) S. 304 RQ</b> No No No	No No No
DOT Haza UN/NA Nu EPA SARA (S CAS # 57-13-6 7447-40-7 1317-65-3 7704-34-9	Superfund Amend Hazardous Con Urea Potassium chlor Limestone Sulfur	ments and Reauthorization Ad nponents (Chemical Name)	<b>S. 302 (EHS</b> No No No No	<b>S) S. 304 RQ</b> No No No No	No No No
DOT Haza UN/NA Nu EPA SARA (S CAS # 57-13-6 7447-40-7 1317-65-3 7704-34-9 14808-60-7	Superfund Amend Hazardous Con Urea Potassium chlor Limestone Sulfur Quartz	ments and Reauthorization Ad nponents (Chemical Name)	<b>S. 302 (EHS</b> No No No No No No	<b>S) S. 304 RQ</b> No No No No No	No No No No
DOT Haza UN/NA Nu EPA SARA (S CAS # 57-13-6 7447-40-7 1317-65-3 7704-34-9 14808-60-7 64742-65-0 29091-21-2	Superfund Amend Hazardous Con Urea Potassium chlor Limestone Sulfur Quartz Mineral Oil Prodiamine	ments and Reauthorization Ad nponents (Chemical Name)	et of 1986) Lists S. 302 (EHS No No No No No No No ed for SARA T	<b>S) S. 304 RQ</b> No No No No No No No	No No No No No No <b>312 as indicated:</b>

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CAS #	Hazardous Co	nponents (Chemical Name)	Other US EPA or State Lists
57-13-6	Urea		CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Yes - Inventory, 8A CAIR, 8C; CA PROP.65: No; MA Oil/HazMat: No; MI CMR, Part 5: No; NJ EHS: No; NY Part 597: No; PA HSL: No
7447-40-7	Potassium chlor	ide	CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Yes - Inventory; CA PROP.65: No; MA Oil/HazMat: No; MI CMR, Part 5: No; NJ EHS: No; NY Part 597: No; PA HSL: No
1317-65-3	Limestone		CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Yes - Inventory; CA PROP.65: No; MA Oil/HazMat: No; MI CMR, Part 5: No; NJ EHS: No; NY Part 597: No; PA HSL: Yes - 1
7704-34-9	Sulfur		CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Yes - Inventory; CA PROP.65: No; MA Oil/HazMat: No; MI CMR, Part 5: No; NJ EHS: No; NY Part 597: No; PA HSL: Yes - 1
14808-60-7	Quartz		CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Yes - Inventory; CA PROP.65: No; MA Oil/HazMat: No; MI CMR, Part 5: No; NJ EHS: No; NY Part 597: No; PA HSL: Yes - 1
64742-65-0	Mineral Oil		CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Yes - Inventory; CA PROP.65: No; MA Oil/HazMat: No; MI CMR, Part 5: No; NJ EHS: No; NY Part 597: No; PA HSL: No
29091-21-2	Prodiamine		CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Yes - Inventory; CA PROP.65: No; MA Oil/HazMat: No; MI CMR, Part 5: No; NJ EHS: No; NY Part 597: No; PA HSL: No
		law. These requirements of required for safety data sho chemicals. The hazard information of the safety data sho chemicals.	Subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide differ from the classification criteria and hazard information eets (SDS), and for workplace labels on non-pesticide formation required on the pesticide label is reproduced below. cludes other important information, including directions for use.
		CAUTION	Precautionary Statements, Hazards to Humans and Domestic
		PRECAUTIONARY STATE HAZARDS TO HUMANS A	EMENTS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
			ate eye irritation. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after , drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
		to fish. However, at concer fish. Drift and runoff from the adjacent sites. To protect the storm drains, drainage ditco weather when rain is not p rain does not blow or wash	RDS wility in water. At the limits of solubility, this product is not toxic intrations above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to reated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into whes, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm redicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or in pesticide off the treatment area. Sweeping any product that walk, or street, back onto the treated area of the lawn or garden

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#### (30-00-10) **16. Other Information** 02/14/2025 Revision Date: Flammability Instability Hazard Rating System: Health NFPA: Special Hazard Additional Information About No data available. This Product: Company Policy or Disclaimer and Limitation of Liability: This data sheet was developed from information on the constituent materials identified herein and does not relate to the use of such Disclaimer: materials in combination with any other material or process. No warranty is expressed or implied with respect to the completeness or ongoing accuracy of the information contained in this data sheet, and Turf Care Supply LLC disclaims all liability for reliance on such information. This data sheet is not a guarantee of safety. Users are responsible for ensuring that they have all current information necessary to safely use the product described by this data sheet for their specific purposes.