# **Oatey**®

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. Identification

Product identifier Hot Blue Medium Bodied PVC Cement

Other means of identification

**Synonyms** 3466s, 3456s, 3446s, 3436s, 3424

Recommended use Joining PVC Pipes
Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company Name Oatey Co.

Address 4700 West 160th St.
Cleveland, OH 44135

Telephone 216-267-7100 E-mail info@oatey.com

Transport Emergency Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)

Emergency First Aid 1-877-740-5015

Contact person MSDS Coordinator

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2

Health hazardsAcute toxicity, oralCategory 4Skin corrosion/irritationCategory 2Serious eye damage/eye irritationCategory 2A

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Aspiration hazard Category 1

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters

airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May

cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Precautionary statement** 

**Prevention** Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly

closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

Response If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If

on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use alcohol-resistant foam,

carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog for extinction.

Storage

Disposal

Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. May form explosive peroxides. Contains a chemical classified by the US EPA as a suspected

possible carcinogen.

Supplemental information

None.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	45 - 50
Polyvinyl chloride	9002-86-2	15 - 20
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	10 - 15
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	10 - 15
Acetone	67-64-1	5 - 10
Fumed Silica	112945-52-5	1 - 5
		< 1

**Composition comments** 

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

#### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eves with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

**General information** 

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions Specific methods

so without risk. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive

organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

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#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. This product is miscible in water.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

**Environmental precautions** 

# 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# Occupational exposure limits

U.S. - OSHA

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Fumed Silica (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3	Unspecified.
		20 mppcf	Unspecified.
US. OSHA Specifically Regulated	Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)		
Components	Туре	Value	
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	STEL	5 ppm	
	TWA	1 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air	Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)		
Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	PEL	200 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	PEL	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	PEL	590 mg/m3	

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IIS OSHA Table	7-1 I imits for Δ	ir Contaminants	(29 CFR 1910.1000)
US. USHA TADIE	# Z-I LIIIIIIS IOI A	II Contaminants	(23 CFR 1310.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	
		200 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910		V. 1	Eaure.
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Fumed Silica (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3	
1.20.10.02.07		20 mppcf	
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
9002-86-2)		45 / 0	<del>-</del>
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value		Value	Form
Components	Туре		I VIIII
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
Cycloboyonono (CAC	TWA	250 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
,	TWA	20 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable particles.
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
U.S NIOSH			
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Fumed Silica (CAS	REL	6 mg/m3	Unspecified.
112945-52-5) US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chen	nical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3	
,		250 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS	TWA	100 mg/m3	
108-94-1)		-	
5 d Oilian (OAO	T\^/^	25 ppm	
Fumed Silica (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA	6 mg/m3	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	885 mg/m3	
		300 ppm	
	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS	STEL	735 mg/m3	
109-99-9)			
		250 ppm	
	TWA	590 mg/m3	

**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices** 

Components Type Value

200 ppm

# **Biological limit values**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	25 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	80 mg/l	1,2-Cyclohexan ediol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*	
	8 mg/l	Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*	

Tetrahydrofura

2 mg/l

# **Exposure guidelines**

Tetrahydrofuran (CAS

78-93-3)

109-99-9)

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation** 

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards** 

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.

Urine

# Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Face shield is recommended.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Other suitable gloves can be recommended by the

glove supplier.

Skin protection

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

**Thermal hazards** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal

considerations hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or

smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Liquid.

Form Translucent liquid.

ColorBlue.OdorSolvent.Odor thresholdNot available.

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling 150.8 °F (66 °C)

range

**Flash point** -4.0 °F (-20.0 °C)

**Evaporation rate** 5.5 - 8

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

**ver** 1.8

(%)

Flammability limit - upper 11.8

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 145 mm Hg @ 20 C

Vapor density 2.5

Relative density 0.94 +/- 0.02

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Negligible

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity 800 - 2200 cP

Other information

**Explosive properties** Not explosive. **Oxidizing properties** Not oxidizing.

**VOC** < 510 g/l SCAQMD 1168/M316A

10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid

temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

**Incompatible materials** Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Amines. Ammonia. Caustics. Isocyanates.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

Thermal decomposition of this product can generate carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

# 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause irritation to the

respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

**Skin contact** Causes skin irritation.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or

vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause

redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components **Species Test Results** Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Acute Dermal LD50 Rabbit > 15700 mg/kg, 24 Hours Inhalation Vapor LC50 Rat 76 mg/l, 4 Hours Oral LD50 Rat 5800 mg/kg Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) **Acute** Inhalation Vapor LC50 Rat > 6.2 mg/l, 4 Hours Oral LD50 Rat 2650 mg/kg 1890 mg/kg 1620 mg/kg Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) Acute **Dermal** LD50 Rat 6400 mg/kg Inhalation Vapor LC50 Rat 34.5 mg/l, 4 Hours Oral Rat LD50 2600 mg/kg Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9) **Acute** Inhalation LC50 Rat 53.9 mg/l, 4 Hours Oral LD50 Rat 1650 mg/kg Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation. Serious eye damage/eye Causes serious eye irritation. irritation Respiratory or skin sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer. Respiratory sensitization Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization. No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are Germ cell mutagenicity mutagenic or genotoxic. Risk of cancer cannot be excluded with prolonged exposure. In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Carcinogenicity Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation lifetime study on THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate

routes of exposure. This product contains polyvinyl chloride (PVC) that is not a fabricated product, and is therefore, defined and regulated as a toxic and hazardous substance under 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1017 due to the presumed presence of residual vinyl chloride monomer. The concentrations of residual vinyl chloride calculated to be contained in this product are well below the threshold for classification in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1200. Hot Blue Medium Bodied PVC Cement

that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all

# IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Fumed Silica (CAS 112945-52-5) Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2) Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

#### **NTP Report on Carcinogens**

Not listed.

# OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity -

Not classified.

repeated exposure **Aspiration hazard** 

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Chronic effects** 

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis.

# 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** 

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components		Species	Test Results	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-	1)			
Aquatic				
Acute				
Crustacea	LC50	Daphnia pulex	8800 mg/l, 48 Hours	
Fish	LC50	Pimephales promelas	7163 mg/l, 96 Hours	
Chronic				
Crustacea	NOEC	Daphnia magna	> 79 mg/l, 21 days	
Cyclohexanone (CAS	108-94-1)			
Aquatic				
Acute				
Fish	LC50	Pimephales promelas	527 mg/l, 96 Hours	
Methyl ethyl ketone (C	CAS 78-93-3)			
Aquatic				
Acute				
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	5091 mg/l, 48 Hours	
Fish	LC50	Pimephales promelas	3220 mg/l, 96 Hours	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS	S 109-99-9)			
Aquatic				
Acute				
Crustacea	LC50	Daphnia magna	5930 mg/l, 24 Hours	
Fish	LC50	Pimephales promelas	2160 mg/l, 96 Hours	
Chronic				
Algae	NOEC	Scenedesmus quadricauda	3700 mg/l, 8 days	

Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulative potential

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) -0.24Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) 0.81 Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 0.29 Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9) 0.46

Mobility in soil No data available.

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Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation

potential.

# 13. Disposal considerations

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of **Disposal instructions** 

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste Hazardous waste code

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is Contaminated packaging

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

# 14. Transport information

DOT

**UN** number **UN1133** Adhesives **UN proper shipping name** 

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) Ш Packing group

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8 Special provisions

Packaging exceptions 150 Packaging non bulk 173 Packaging bulk 242

**IATA** 

UN1133 **UN number** Adhesives **UN proper shipping name** 

Transport hazard class(es)

**Class** 3 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards** No. 3L **ERG Code** 

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**IMDG** 

UN1133 **UN** number **ADHESIVES UN** proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk **Packing group** Ш **Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant No. F-E. S-D **EmS** 

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

# 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not established.

Not regulated.

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# **CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

Listed.

# SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

# OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2) Cancer

Central nervous system

Liver Blood Flammability

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

All components of the mixture on the TSCA 8(b) inventory are designated

"active".

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

# SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

Yes

chemical

Classified hazard Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

categories Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Aspiration hazard

# SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

# Other federal regulations

# Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

# Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

# Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532 Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 6714

# Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 35 %WV

**DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number** 

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532 Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 6714

# FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

Low priority

Low priority

#### US state regulations

# **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Fumed Silica (CAS 112945-52-5) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

# US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

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Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)

Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

# US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Fumed Silica (CAS 112945-52-5) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

#### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2) Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

#### **California Proposition 65**

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

# US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

#### **International Inventories**

Country(s) or regionInventory nameOn inventory (yes/no)\*CanadaDomestic Substances List (DSL)NoCanadaNon-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)YesUnited States & Puerto RicoToxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) InventoryYes

\*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 28-May-2019

Revision date - 01

HMIS® ratings Health: 3

Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0

**NFPA** ratings



#### Disclaimer

Oatey Co. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.